Fluidized Bed Biomass Combustion Combined with Organic Rankine Cycle for Small-scale CHP

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Combined heat and power (CHP) is an interesting application in which low-grade waste heat from combustion can be used to drive a turbine to produce electrical power. The use of biomass, e.g. from waste or demolition wood, for power generation has large potential to mitigate CO₂ by replacing conventional fossil sources. Unfortunately the low operating temperatures of combustion have limited its use and efficiencies.

A simple model was developed in which combustion of biomass (i.e. demolition wood) in a 1.1 MWth bubbling fluidized bed (BFB) is combined with an Organic Rankine Cycle (ORC) of 800 kWth operating on toluene. A boiler efficiency of 84% and a total system efficiency of 10.2% is to be expected.



Design parameters

CRONE BFB (Bubbling Fluidized Bed Reactor)

- 1,1 MW thermal input
- Bed Operating Temp. 850 °C
- Square combustor 1,1m2
- Air at 20% excess

ORC electrical cycle

- 800 kW - thermal

Heat Transfer via Heat exchangers

- In bed
- Freeboard temperature max 350 °C

Advantages of ORC

- Applicable to small systems with relatively low energy flows
- Possibility of using lower temperatures, including waste heat recovery and biomass combustion
- Low temperatures inhibit NOx production
- Toluene as ORC fluid has low global warming potential



Main Operation Assumptions

- Demolition wood used
- No sorbents (limestone or others)
- Perfectly insulated system
- No fly ash
- The biomass reacts fully in the bed
- Atmospheric pressure
- 20% excess air for combustion
- Heat Exchanger system efficiency is 85%
- ORC system efficiency 14% [1]



Boiler Thermal Efficiency 80.7%

Using flue gas for air preheat: 84%

Complete system efficiency: 10.2%

Operation Parameters

Flow rates Flow rate of fuel = 0.063 kg/s Flow rate of air = 0.45 kg/s Mass flue gas/mass fuel = 7.93 Flow rate of thermal oil = 0.91 kg/s

Heat exchanger area: Area at bed = 3.3 m2 Area at freeboard = 53.4 m2

Heat Balance Qin = 1,1 MW + 0,05MW (Fuel and Air) Qh = 941 kW(to ORC heat exchangers) 580KW at bed 361KW at Freeboard Qstack = 183 kW (possible use for preheating of air, needed 65.9KW)

Air Inlet Temperature: Ti=133 °C for 85% heat exchanger system efficiency Design consideration to optimize ORC cycle to 800 kW



Challenge the future

[1] Desai, N.B., Bandyopadhyay, S. *Process integration of organic Rankine cycle* (2009) Energy 34